

COOK COUNTY QUARTERLY REPORT TO THE IRFC

6,500

6,250

6,000

JULY 29, 2021

TONI PRECKWINKLE PRESIDENT, COOK COUNTY BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS













Agenda





| Section | Slide # |
|--|---------|
| Opening Remarks | 3 |
| Approval of the Minutes | 4 |
| Quarterly Updates | 6 |
| List of recommendations by commissioners and comments/actions | 9 |
| Next Steps | 19 |
| Public Comment | 22 |
| Adjournment | 23 |

Quarterly Updates

Principals of the IRFC - Advanced Since 5/26/2021



| Principal | Action Taken |
|---|--|
| Document Economic and Operational Drivers | Continuing to track economic and public health indicators to inform base line and alternative scenario forecasts. |
| Pursue Consistency in Modeling | Updated online data set to include unaudited tax revenue* |
| Systematically Track Monthly Operational and Revenue Data | Revenues on monthly basis continue to be updated. The online Revenue Dataset has also been updated. |
| Catalogue Historical Rates and Policies | No significant actions taken but will be focusing more on the off season of Budget. Specifically, we will add Cannabis Tax and Sports Wagering Tax to the Tax history document on the IRFC website. |
| Review Alternative Scenarios | Will consider a Delta variant scenario as part of IRFC recommendations and pursuing consistency in CCH and General Fund alternative scenario forecasting. |
| Benchmark Forecasts Against Other Jurisdictions | Incorporated into Cannabis and Online sales tax revenue forecasts |
| Strive for Greater Collaboration | The OCFO continues its commitment to this principal and will focus on the development of a revenue forecasting model developed in coordination with CCH. |

Preliminary Forecast, late June 2021, Tax Revenues

| Revenue by Type | 2021 Approved & Adopted | 2021 Year End Projection | 2022 Forecast | |
|--|-------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|--|
| 400001-Property Taxes | | | | |
| 400010-Property Taxes | \$223,415,718 | \$223,415,718 | \$182,448,324 | |
| 400040-Tax Increment Financing Taxes | 23,525,945 | 23,525,945 | 23,525,945 | |
| Total 400001-Property Taxes | \$246,941,663 | \$246,941,663 | \$205,974,269 | |
| 401100-Non-Property Taxes | | | | |
| 401130-Non Retailer Trans Use Tax | 15,250,000 | 15,718,248 | 15,750,000 | |
| 401150-County Sales Tax | 830,214,301 | 829,340,000 | 965,000,000 | |
| 401170-County Use Tax | 70,100,000 | 83,585,867 | 79,000,000 | |
| 401190-Gasoline / Diesel Tax | 87,000,000 | 84,277,251 | 91,750,000 | |
| 401210-Alcoholic Beverage Tax | 36,300,000 | 37,940,580 | 37,300,000 | |
| 401230-New Motor Vehicle Tax | 2,300,000 | 2,873,202 | 2,750,000 | |
| 401250-Wheel Tax | 4,800,000 | 4,947,953 | 4,800,000 | |
| 401310-Off Track Betting Comm. | 1,000,000 | 1,021,437 | 960,000 | |
| 401330-II Gaming Des Plaines Casino | 7,300,000 | 6,978,319 | 11,000,000 | |
| 401350-Amusement Tax | 24,265,000 | 18,469,805 | 36,250,000 | |
| 401370-Parking Lot and Garage Operation | 43,000,000 | 33,339,395 | 41,000,000 | |
| 401390-State Income Tax | 12,623,600 | 16,220,000 | 17,000,000 | |
| 401430-Cigarette Tax | 96,500,000 | 95,101,804 | 91,400,000 | |
| 401450-Other Tobacco Products | 6,600,000 | 7,055,234 | 6,300,000 | |
| 401470-General Sales Tax | 3,146,807 | 3,146,000 | 3,249,000 | |
| 401490-Firearms Tax | 1,200,000 | 1,561,343 | 1,650,000 | |
| 401530-Gambling Machine Tax | 3,500,000 | 3,585,600 | 3,500,000 | |
| 401550-Hotel Accommodations Tax | 19,500,000 | 15,506,868 | 25,500,000 | |
| 401570-Video Gaming | 550,000 | 498,432 | 600,000 | |
| 401580-Cannabis Tax | 13,905,067 | 11,120,000 | 16,930,000 | |
| 401590-Sports Wagering Tax | 3,575,000 | 4,660,000 | 4,950,000 | |
| Total 401100-Non-Property Taxes | \$1,282,629,775 | \$1,276,947,339 | \$1,456,639,000 | |

Preliminary Forecast, late June 2021, Fees & Licenses Revenues

| Revenue by Type | 2021 Approved & Adopted | 2021 Year End Projection | 2022 Forecast | |
|--|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--|
| 402000-Fees and Licenses | | | | |
| 402548-Clerk of the Circuit Court Fees | 64,000,000 | 64,000,000 | 71,425,000 | |
| 402010-Fees and Licenses | 400,000 | 396,000 | 350,000 | |
| 402100-County Treasurer | 35,000,000 | 35,000,000 | 35,000,000 | |
| 402150-County Clerk | 47,918,500 | 7,449,750 | 10,442,718 | |
| 402200-County Recorder and Registrar | - | 65,489,704 | 57,499,716 | |
| 402300-Building and Zoning | 3,620,100 | 3,740,450 | 3,717,100 | |
| 402350-Environmental Control | 4,795,000 | 4,680,205 | 4,698,000 | |
| 402400-Highway Dept Permit Fees | 850,000 | 1,588,494 | 1,545,000 | |
| 402450-Liquor Licenses | 425,000 | 350,194 | 425,000 | |
| 402500-County Assessor | 49,000 | 3,052 | 1,000 | |
| 402950-Sheriff General Fees | 15,809,882 | 9,280,413 | 10,886,839 | |
| 403060-State's Attorney | - | 224,163 | - | |
| 403100-Supportive Services | - | 3,835 | - | |
| 403120-Public Administrator | 1,395,600 | 1,395,600 | 1,400,000 | |
| 403150-Public Guardian | 2,000,000 | 2,053,642 | 2,500,000 | |
| 403210-Medical Examiner | 3,925,000 | 3,892,527 | 3,748,346 | |
| 403280-Contract Compliance M/WBE Cert | 40,000 | 46,498 | 42,000 | |
| Total 402000-Fees and Licenses | \$180,228,082 | \$199,594,525 | \$203,680,719 | |

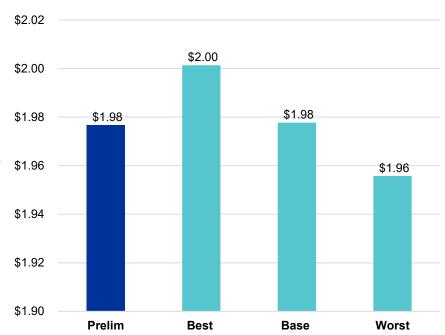
Preliminary Forecast, late June 2021, CCHHS Revenues

| Revenue by Type | 2021 Approved & Adopted | 2021 Year End Projection | 2022 Forecast |
|---|-------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|
| 409000-Health and Hospitals | | | |
| | | | |
| 409549-Medicare | 222,857,679 | 182,256,764 | 230,430,391 |
| 409559-Medicaid Public Assistance | 2,576,330,479 | 2,959,765,326 | 2,933,069,371 |
| 409569-Private Payors and Carriers | 68,338,765 | 73,073,855 | 75,749,532 |
| 409574-CCHHS - Medicaid BIPA IGT | 131,300,000 | 131,300,000 | 131,300,000 |
| 409579-Medicaid Revised Plan Revenue DSH | 177,190,608 | 177,190,608 | 177,190,608 |
| 409010-Net Patient Service Revenue | 73,660,707 | 73,660,707 | 73,660,707 |
| Total 409000-Health and Hospitals | \$3,249,678,238 | \$3,597,247,260 | \$3,621,400,609 |
| Total CCHHS Fee Revenue | \$3,264,678,238 | \$3,619,520,327 | \$3,636,407,067 |
| CCHHS Property Tax Subsidy | \$122,704,917 | \$122,704,920 | \$132,704,917 |
| Total Health Enterprise Fund | \$3,387,383,155 | \$3,742,225,247 | \$3,769,111,984 |

GF FY2021/2022 Prelim vs. Base Case







FY2022

Sales Tax Update

Sales Tax Assumptions





Online Sales Tax Assumptions

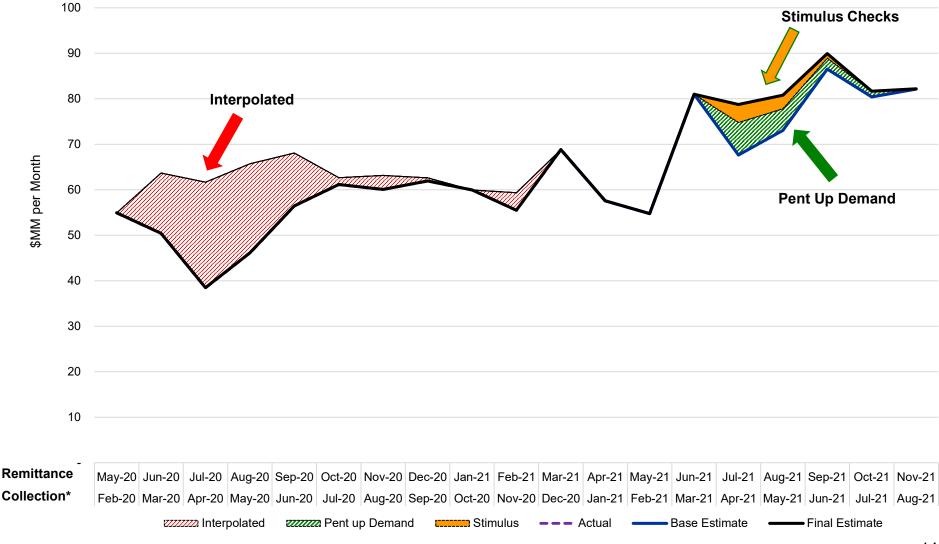


| Online Sales Tax | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Base Assumptions | CY 2021 | CY 2022 | CY 2023 | CY 2024 | CY 2025 | CY 2026 |
| Total Retail Sales | 6,457,026 | 6,705,238 | 6,962,992 | 7,230,653 | 7,508,604 | 7,797,240 |
| Growth of total sales | 3.84% | 3.84% | 3.84% | 3.84% | 3.84% | 3.84% |
| Percent online | 11.21% | 12.33% | 13.56% | 14.92% | 16.40% | 18.04% |
| growth of online share | 9.97% | 9.97% | 9.97% | 9.97% | 9.97% | 9.97% |
| Total E-Commerce Sales | 724,077 | 826,910 | 944,346 | 1,078,461 | 1,231,622 | 1,406,535 |
| County share of US | | | | | | |
| population | 1.80% | 1.80% | 1.80% | 1.80% | 1.80% | 1.80% |
| Share Subject to Tax | 85.56% | 85.56% | 85.56% | 85.56% | 85.56% | 85.56% |
| Potential sales | 11,151 | 12,735 | 14,543 | 16,609 | 18,967 | 21,661 |
| Compliance | 60% | 65% | 70% | 75% | 80% | 80% |
| Sales tax Rate | 1.75% | 1.75% | 1.75% | 1.75% | 1.75% | 1.75% |
| Revenue before admin fee | 117.09 | 144.86 | 178.16 | 217.99 | 265.54 | 303.26 |
| Admin fee | (1.76) | (2.17) | (2.67) | (3.27) | (3.98) | (4.55) |
| TOTAL | 115.33 | 142.68 | 175.48 | 214.72 | 261.56 | 298.71 |

| | Dec | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | Мау | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | |
|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|
| FY2021 | ŀ | - | - | - | 7.84 | 7.87 | 9.36 | 9.05 | 9.94 | 10.51 | 9.76 | 9.89 | 74.23 |
| FY2022 | 9.83 | 9.72 | 9.57 | 11.98 | 9.70 | 9.74 | 11.59 | 11.20 | 12.30 | 13.00 | 12.08 | 12.23 | 132.94 |
| FY2023 | 12.16 | 12.02 | 11.85 | 14.82 | 11.93 | 11.97 | 14.25 | 13.77 | 15.13 | 15.99 | 14.86 | 15.04 | 163.79 |
| FY2024 | 14.96 | 14.79 | 14.57 | 18.23 | 14.60 | 14.65 | 17.43 | 16.85 | 18.51 | 19.56 | 18.18 | 18.41 | 200.74 |
| FY2025 | 18.30 | 18.09 | 17.83 | 22.31 | 17.79 | 17.85 | 21.24 | 20.52 | 22.55 | 23.83 | 22.15 | 22.42 | 244.87 |
| FY2026 | 22.29 | 22.04 | 21.71 | 27.17 | 20.31 | 20.38 | 24.25 | 23.44 | 25.76 | 27.21 | 25.29 | 25.60 | 285.47 |

FY 2021 General Fund Scenarios: Factoring in Pent up Demand

Sales Tax Analysis



FY 2021 Economic Impact Payments



| Economic Impact Payments | |
|---|------------|
| Total Stimulus Payments under ARPA ¹ | \$ 404.9B |
| Percent Distributed ² | 95% |
| Value of Rebates Distributed | \$384.7M |
| US population ³ | 328.2M |
| Distributed Per Capita | 1.2K |
| Cook County Population ³ | 5.2M |
| Rebates Distributed to Cook County | \$6.0B |
| % Spent (not saved or for debt) ² | 19% |
| Total Spent in Cook County | \$1.1B |
| % Spent on Taxable Goods | 50% |
| Total Rebates Spent on Taxable Goods in | |
| Cook County | \$573.4M |
| Sales Tax Rate | 1.75% |
| Taxes collected by State | \$10.0M |
| Less State Administrative Fee (@1.5%) | \$(150.5K) |
| Remitted to Cook County | \$9.9M |

Sources:

¹https://www.cbo.gov/system/files/2021-02/hwaysandmeansreconciliation.pdf

²https://www.pgpf.org/blog/2021/05/how-did-americans-spend-their-stimulus-checks-and-how-did-it-affect-the-economy

3https://www.census.gov/quickfacts/fact/table/cookcountyillinois,US/PST045219

FY 2021 Child Tax Credits Impact



| Economic Impact Payments | |
|---|-----------------|
| Total Stimulus Payments under ARPA ¹ | \$ 18.2B |
| Percent Distributed ² | 95% |
| Value of Rebates Distributed | \$17,260.6M |
| US population ³ | 328.2M |
| Distributed Per Capita | 52.59 |
| Cook County Population ³ | 5.2M |
| Rebates Distributed to Cook County | \$270.8M |
| % Spent (not saved or for debt) ² | 19% |
| Total Spent in Cook County | \$51.5M |
| % Spent on Taxable Goods | 50% |
| Total Rebates Spent on Taxable Goods in | |
| Cook County | \$25.7M |
| Sales Tax Rate | 1.75% |
| Taxes collected by State | \$450.3K |
| Less State Administrative Fee (@1.5%) | \$(6.8K) |
| Remitted to Cook County | <u>\$443.5K</u> |

Sources:

¹https://www.cbo.gov/system/files/2021-02/hwaysandmeansreconciliation.pdf

²https://www.pgpf.org/blog/2021/05/how-did-americans-spend-their-stimulus-checks-and-how-did-it-affect-the-economy

3https://www.census.gov/quickfacts/fact/table/cookcountyillinois,US/PST045219

FY 2022 Child Tax Credits Impact



| Economic Impact Payments | |
|---|---------------|
| Total Stimulus Payments under ARPA ¹ | \$ 66.2B |
| Percent Distributed ² | 95% |
| Value of Rebates Distributed | \$62,875.8M |
| US population ³ | 328.2M |
| Distributed Per Capita | 191.55 |
| Cook County Population ³ | 5.2M |
| Rebates Distributed to Cook County | \$986.6M |
| <u>% Spent</u> (not saved or for debt) ² | 19% |
| Total Spent in Cook County | \$187.4M |
| % Spent on Taxable Goods | 50% |
| Total Rebates Spent on Taxable Goods in | |
| Cook County | \$93.7M |
| Sales Tax Rate | 1.75% |
| Taxes collected by State | \$1.6M |
| Less State Administrative Fee (@1.5%) | \$(24.6K) |
| Remitted to Cook County | <u>\$1.6M</u> |

Sources:

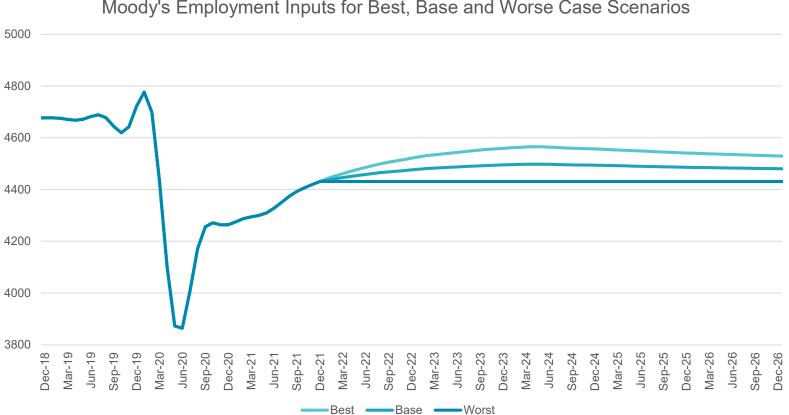
¹https://www.cbo.gov/system/files/2021-02/hwaysandmeansreconciliation.pdf

²https://www.pgpf.org/blog/2021/05/how-did-americans-spend-their-stimulus-checks-and-how-did-it-affect-the-economy

3https://www.census.gov/quickfacts/fact/table/cookcountyillinois,US/PST045219

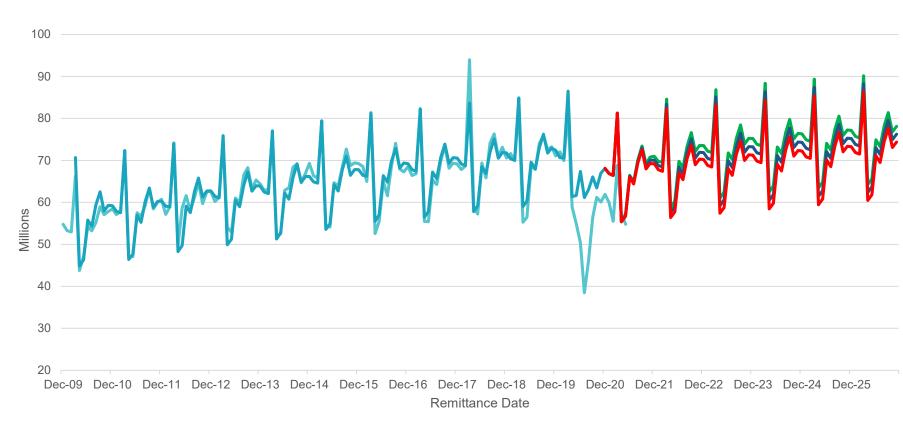
Underlying Economics Assumptions





Moody's Employment Inputs for Best, Base and Worse Case Scenarios

Underlying Economics Assumptions

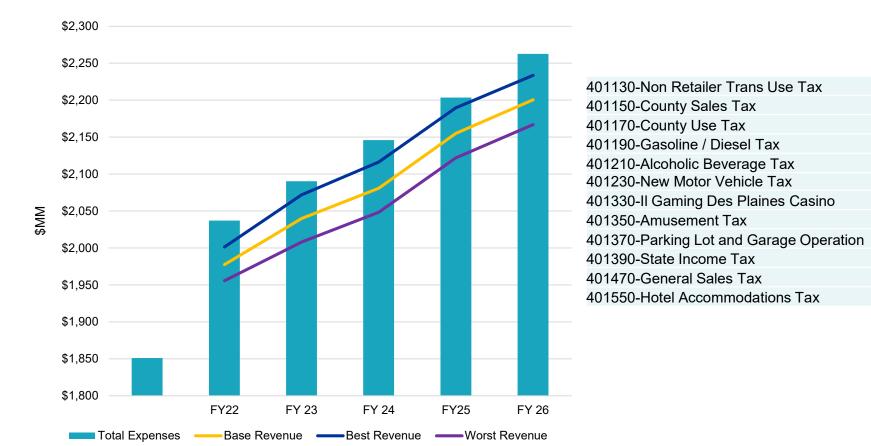


-Actual* -----Fitted -----Best -----Base -----Worst

| | Best Revenue | Base Revenue V | | % Change Base vs Best | % Change Base vs Worst |
|------|--------------|----------------|-------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| FY22 | 847,674,301 | 832,072,545 | 816,470,790 | 1.88% | -1.88% |
| FY23 | 872,721,281 | 850,726,543 | 828,731,805 | 2.59% | -2.59% |
| FY24 | 890,019,135 | 865,505,978 | 840,992,821 | 2.83% | -2.83% |
| FY25 | 901,055,068 | 877,154,452 | 853,253,836 | 2.72% | -2.72% |
| FY26 | 910,911,332 | 888,213,092 | 865,514,851 | 2.56% | -2.56% |

Long Term Revenue Forecasts: GF Scenarios





| | FY22 | FY 23 | FY 24 | FY25 | FY 26 |
|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Base Revenue | 1,977,678,775 | 2,039,954,314 | 2,080,849,811 | 2,154,950,149 | 2,200,643,694 |
| Best Revenue | 2,001,365,206 | 2,071,919,481 | 2,116,391,370 | 2,189,622,316 | 2,233,749,511 |
| Worst Revenue | 1,955,772,118 | 2,007,989,148 | 2,048,322,378 | 2,121,935,108 | 2,167,149,918 |

22

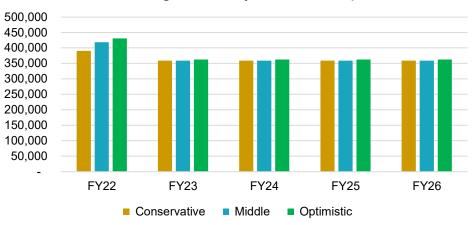
Preliminary Recommendations of the IRFC

Recommendation 1: CountyCare Membership Scenarios



Improve CountyCare membership scenarios to be more distinct, and clearly define all contributing components

- Provide clearer explanations about how redetermination of eligibility practices may affect total membership
- · Clearly define factors driving the State's auto assignment practices
- Document any assumptions about member retention in the out years
- Align retention rates with historical trends



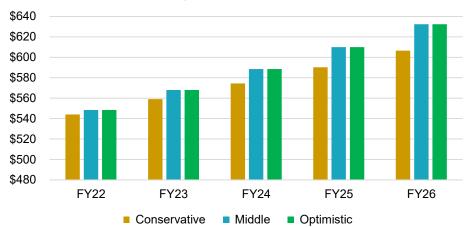
Average Monthly Membership

Recommendations 2: CountyCare PMPM Rate Review



Improve the rate assumptions in the CountyCare PMPM scenario projections by leveraging historical data and highlighting additional assumptions and factors.

- Discuss the composition of different population groups and their average weighted PMPM rate.
- Identify how the composition Population groups has an in impact on the over all PMPM rate
- Provide a historical record of the average PMPM rate by population group
- Leverage historical data for the development of future forecasts and scenarios



Average PMPM Revenue

Recommendation 3: NPSR Projections



Improve the Net Patient Services Revenue Projection by focusing on the underlying impacts used to develop the gross charges and yield assumptions

- Explain how overall volume assumptions are impacted by economic and environmental factors
- Discuss how service mix impacts gross charges and identify assumptions regarding service mix in the base case and alternative scenarios
- Explain how the Payer mix (including Charity Care) impacts yield and document assumptions in the base case and alternative scenarios
- Identify how assumptions regarding the revenue cycle impact yield and document upside and downside risk in the alternative scenarios

Recommendation 4: Improve ARPA Impact Analysis



Re-evaluate the impact of the ARPA funds on Cook County revenues by examining each provision, and scaling to Cook County in ways that are appropriate for each revenue source.

- Review and perform additional research on % Spent On Taxable Goods, %Spent vs saved and other assumptions embedded into the analysis and document them within our forecasts
- Expand the breadth of the ARPA Impact Analysis to include additional provisions including Extended Unemployment Compensation, Earned Income Tax Credit and others

Recommendation 5: COVID-19 Resurgence



Create an additional scenario that assumes a COVID-19 resurgence and properly documents the impact on both general fund and health fund revenue sources



Sales Tax by SIC Code

Percent Change from April 2019

| | Apr-20 | Apr-21 |
|-------------------------------|--------|--------|
| General Merchandise | -32.1% | 4.7% |
| Food | -16.2% | 0.3% |
| Drinking and Eating Places | -53.5% | -17.6% |
| Apparel | -91.9% | 8.7% |
| Furniture & H.H. & Radio | -50.4% | 20.5% |
| Lumber, Bldg, Hardware | -0.4% | 23.6% |
| Automotive & Filling Stations | -46.2% | 1.9% |
| Drugs & Misc. Retail | -36.4% | 95.5% |
| Agriculture & All Others | -39.8% | 25.1% |
| Manufacturers | -41.7% | 4.1% |
| Total | -42.9% | 14.1% |

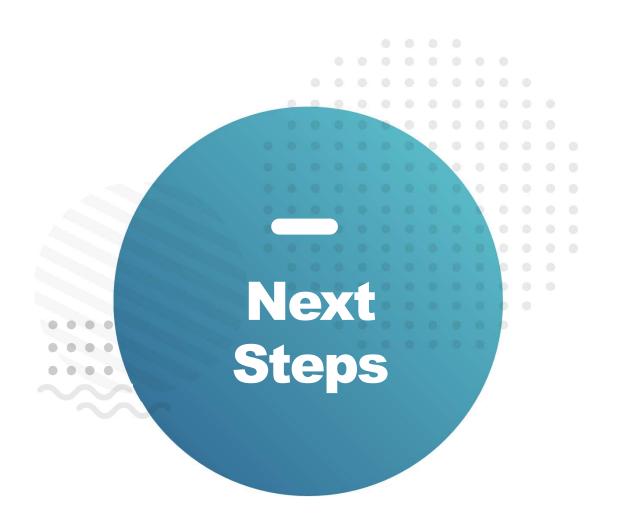
Recommendation 6: Alternative Scenario Methodology on an On-Going basis



Develop a clear process by which possible economic scenarios are developed, explained, and analyzed

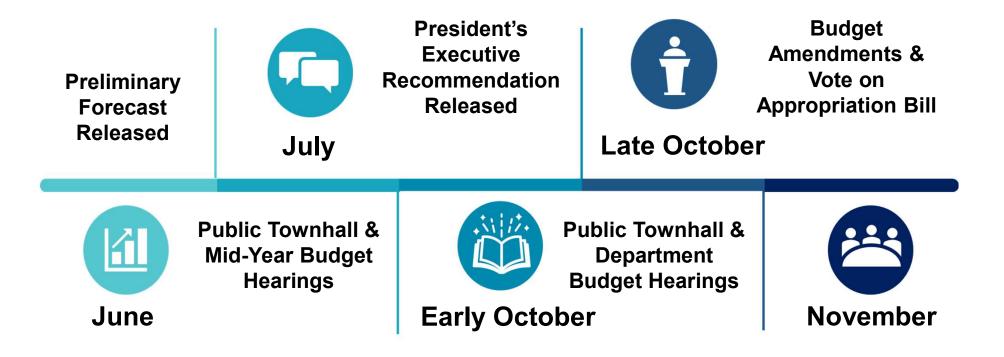
- Establish Clear and Concise set of Assumptions
- Document Methods and Processes





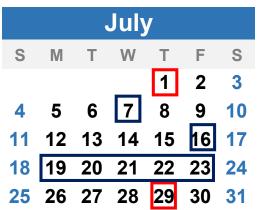
FY2022 Budget Calendar





Upcoming Budget Dates





July 1: IRFC estimates due July 7: Prelim Forecast public hearing July 16: CCH Budget due to DBMS July 19-23: Mid-Year Budget Hearings July 29: IRFC Quarterly Meeting*

| September | | | | | | | |
|-----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|--|
| S | Μ | Т | W | Т | F | S | |
| | | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | |
| 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | |
| | | | | 16 | | | |
| 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | |
| 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | | | |

September 23: CCH submits budget to Board

| August | | | | | | | | |
|--------|----|----|----|----|----|----|--|--|
| S | Μ | Т | W | Т | F | S | | |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | | |
| 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | | |
| 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | | |
| 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | | |
| 29 | 30 | 31 | | | | | | |

August 27: CCHS Budget vote August 31: Issuance of Recommendations TBD: Additional IRFC meeting, as needed



October 7: Release of President's recommendation

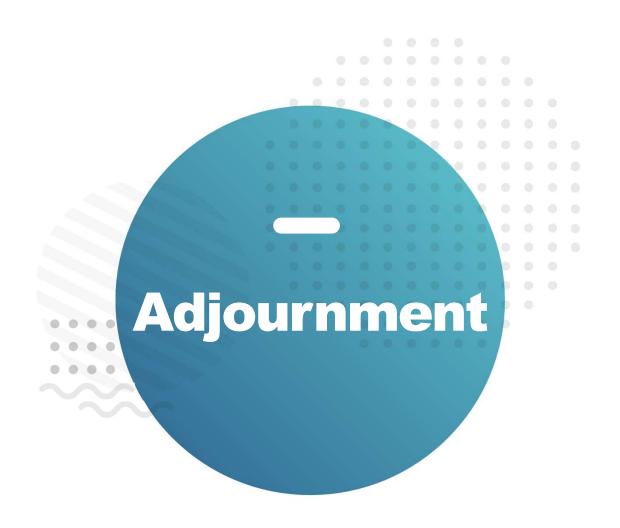
October 18-22: Department Briefings October 28: IRFC Quarterly Meeting

27











COOK COUNTY QUARTERLY REPORT TO THE IRFC

6,500

6,250

6,000

JULY 29, 2021

TONI PRECKWINKLE PRESIDENT, COOK COUNTY BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS













Agenda





| Section | Slide # |
|--|---------|
| Opening Remarks | 3 |
| Approval of the Minutes | 4 |
| Quarterly Updates | 6 |
| List of recommendations by commissioners and comments/actions | 9 |
| Next Steps | 19 |
| Public Comment | 22 |
| Adjournment | 23 |

Quarterly Updates

Principals of the IRFC - Advanced Since 5/26/2021



| Principal | Action Taken |
|---|--|
| Document Economic and Operational Drivers | Continuing to track economic and public health indicators to inform base line and alternative scenario forecasts. |
| Pursue Consistency in Modeling | Updated online data set to include unaudited tax revenue* |
| Systematically Track Monthly Operational and Revenue Data | Revenues on monthly basis continue to be updated. The online Revenue Dataset has also been updated. |
| Catalogue Historical Rates and Policies | No significant actions taken but will be focusing more on the off season of Budget. Specifically, we will add Cannabis Tax and Sports Wagering Tax to the Tax history document on the IRFC website. |
| Review Alternative Scenarios | Will consider a Delta variant scenario as part of IRFC recommendations and pursuing consistency in CCH and General Fund alternative scenario forecasting. |
| Benchmark Forecasts Against Other Jurisdictions | Incorporated into Cannabis and Online sales tax revenue forecasts |
| Strive for Greater Collaboration | The OCFO continues its commitment to this principal and will focus on the development of a revenue forecasting model developed in coordination with CCH. |

Preliminary Forecast, late June 2021, Tax Revenues

| Revenue by Type | 2021 Approved & Adopted | 2021 Year End Projection | 2022 Forecast | |
|--|-------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|--|
| 400001-Property Taxes | | | | |
| 400010-Property Taxes | \$223,415,718 | \$223,415,718 | \$182,448,324 | |
| 400040-Tax Increment Financing Taxes | 23,525,945 | 23,525,945 | 23,525,945 | |
| Total 400001-Property Taxes | \$246,941,663 | \$246,941,663 | \$205,974,269 | |
| 401100-Non-Property Taxes | | | | |
| 401130-Non Retailer Trans Use Tax | 15,250,000 | 15,718,248 | 15,750,000 | |
| 401150-County Sales Tax | 830,214,301 | 829,340,000 | 965,000,000 | |
| 401170-County Use Tax | 70,100,000 | 83,585,867 | 79,000,000 | |
| 401190-Gasoline / Diesel Tax | 87,000,000 | 84,277,251 | 91,750,000 | |
| 401210-Alcoholic Beverage Tax | 36,300,000 | 37,940,580 | 37,300,000 | |
| 401230-New Motor Vehicle Tax | 2,300,000 | 2,873,202 | 2,750,000 | |
| 401250-Wheel Tax | 4,800,000 | 4,947,953 | 4,800,000 | |
| 401310-Off Track Betting Comm. | 1,000,000 | 1,021,437 | 960,000 | |
| 401330-II Gaming Des Plaines Casino | 7,300,000 | 6,978,319 | 11,000,000 | |
| 401350-Amusement Tax | 24,265,000 | 18,469,805 | 36,250,000 | |
| 401370-Parking Lot and Garage Operation | 43,000,000 | 33,339,395 | 41,000,000 | |
| 401390-State Income Tax | 12,623,600 | 16,220,000 | 17,000,000 | |
| 401430-Cigarette Tax | 96,500,000 | 95,101,804 | 91,400,000 | |
| 401450-Other Tobacco Products | 6,600,000 | 7,055,234 | 6,300,000 | |
| 401470-General Sales Tax | 3,146,807 | 3,146,000 | 3,249,000 | |
| 401490-Firearms Tax | 1,200,000 | 1,561,343 | 1,650,000 | |
| 401530-Gambling Machine Tax | 3,500,000 | 3,585,600 | 3,500,000 | |
| 401550-Hotel Accommodations Tax | 19,500,000 | 15,506,868 | 25,500,000 | |
| 401570-Video Gaming | 550,000 | 498,432 | 600,000 | |
| 401580-Cannabis Tax | 13,905,067 | 11,120,000 | 16,930,000 | |
| 401590-Sports Wagering Tax | 3,575,000 | 4,660,000 | 4,950,000 | |
| Total 401100-Non-Property Taxes | \$1,282,629,775 | \$1,276,947,339 | \$1,456,639,000 | |

Preliminary Forecast, late June 2021, Fees & Licenses Revenues

| Revenue by Type | 2021 Approved & Adopted | 2021 Year End Projection | 2022 Forecast | |
|--|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--|
| 402000-Fees and Licenses | | | | |
| 402548-Clerk of the Circuit Court Fees | 64,000,000 | 64,000,000 | 71,425,000 | |
| 402010-Fees and Licenses | 400,000 | 396,000 | 350,000 | |
| 402100-County Treasurer | 35,000,000 | 35,000,000 | 35,000,000 | |
| 402150-County Clerk | 47,918,500 | 7,449,750 | 10,442,718 | |
| 402200-County Recorder and Registrar | - | 65,489,704 | 57,499,716 | |
| 402300-Building and Zoning | 3,620,100 | 3,740,450 | 3,717,100 | |
| 402350-Environmental Control | 4,795,000 | 4,680,205 | 4,698,000 | |
| 402400-Highway Dept Permit Fees | 850,000 | 1,588,494 | 1,545,000 | |
| 402450-Liquor Licenses | 425,000 | 350,194 | 425,000 | |
| 402500-County Assessor | 49,000 | 3,052 | 1,000 | |
| 402950-Sheriff General Fees | 15,809,882 | 9,280,413 | 10,886,839 | |
| 403060-State's Attorney | - | 224,163 | - | |
| 403100-Supportive Services | - | 3,835 | - | |
| 403120-Public Administrator | 1,395,600 | 1,395,600 | 1,400,000 | |
| 403150-Public Guardian | 2,000,000 | 2,053,642 | 2,500,000 | |
| 403210-Medical Examiner | 3,925,000 | 3,892,527 | 3,748,346 | |
| 403280-Contract Compliance M/WBE Cert | 40,000 | 46,498 | 42,000 | |
| Total 402000-Fees and Licenses | \$180,228,082 | \$199,594,525 | \$203,680,719 | |

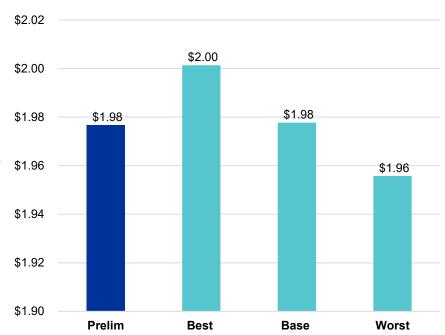
Preliminary Forecast, late June 2021, CCHHS Revenues

| Revenue by Type | 2021 Approved & Adopted | 2021 Year End Projection | 2022 Forecast |
|---|-------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|
| 409000-Health and Hospitals | | | |
| | | | |
| 409549-Medicare | 222,857,679 | 182,256,764 | 230,430,391 |
| 409559-Medicaid Public Assistance | 2,576,330,479 | 2,959,765,326 | 2,933,069,371 |
| 409569-Private Payors and Carriers | 68,338,765 | 73,073,855 | 75,749,532 |
| 409574-CCHHS - Medicaid BIPA IGT | 131,300,000 | 131,300,000 | 131,300,000 |
| 409579-Medicaid Revised Plan Revenue DSH | 177,190,608 | 177,190,608 | 177,190,608 |
| 409010-Net Patient Service Revenue | 73,660,707 | 73,660,707 | 73,660,707 |
| Total 409000-Health and Hospitals | \$3,249,678,238 | \$3,597,247,260 | \$3,621,400,609 |
| Total CCHHS Fee Revenue | \$3,264,678,238 | \$3,619,520,327 | \$3,636,407,067 |
| CCHHS Property Tax Subsidy | \$122,704,917 | \$122,704,920 | \$132,704,917 |
| Total Health Enterprise Fund | \$3,387,383,155 | \$3,742,225,247 | \$3,769,111,984 |

GF FY2021/2022 Prelim vs. Base Case







FY2022

Sales Tax Update

Sales Tax Assumptions





Online Sales Tax Assumptions

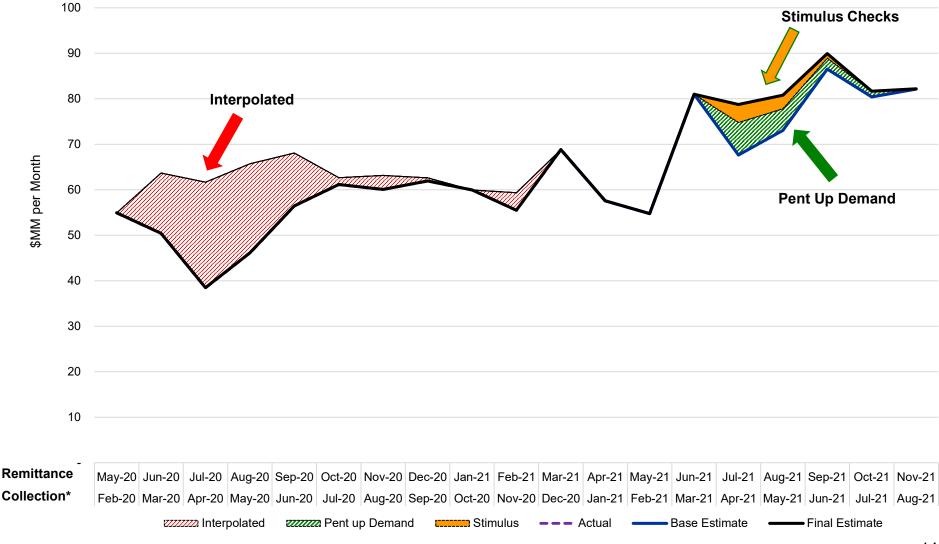


| Online Sales Tax | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Base Assumptions | CY 2021 | CY 2022 | CY 2023 | CY 2024 | CY 2025 | CY 2026 |
| Total Retail Sales | 6,457,026 | 6,705,238 | 6,962,992 | 7,230,653 | 7,508,604 | 7,797,240 |
| Growth of total sales | 3.84% | 3.84% | 3.84% | 3.84% | 3.84% | 3.84% |
| Percent online | 11.21% | 12.33% | 13.56% | 14.92% | 16.40% | 18.04% |
| growth of online share | 9.97% | 9.97% | 9.97% | 9.97% | 9.97% | 9.97% |
| Total E-Commerce Sales | 724,077 | 826,910 | 944,346 | 1,078,461 | 1,231,622 | 1,406,535 |
| County share of US | | | | | | |
| population | 1.80% | 1.80% | 1.80% | 1.80% | 1.80% | 1.80% |
| Share Subject to Tax | 85.56% | 85.56% | 85.56% | 85.56% | 85.56% | 85.56% |
| Potential sales | 11,151 | 12,735 | 14,543 | 16,609 | 18,967 | 21,661 |
| Compliance | 60% | 65% | 70% | 75% | 80% | 80% |
| Sales tax Rate | 1.75% | 1.75% | 1.75% | 1.75% | 1.75% | 1.75% |
| Revenue before admin fee | 117.09 | 144.86 | 178.16 | 217.99 | 265.54 | 303.26 |
| Admin fee | (1.76) | (2.17) | (2.67) | (3.27) | (3.98) | (4.55) |
| TOTAL | 115.33 | 142.68 | 175.48 | 214.72 | 261.56 | 298.71 |

| | Dec | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | Мау | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | |
|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|
| FY2021 | ŀ | - | - | - | 7.84 | 7.87 | 9.36 | 9.05 | 9.94 | 10.51 | 9.76 | 9.89 | 74.23 |
| FY2022 | 9.83 | 9.72 | 9.57 | 11.98 | 9.70 | 9.74 | 11.59 | 11.20 | 12.30 | 13.00 | 12.08 | 12.23 | 132.94 |
| FY2023 | 12.16 | 12.02 | 11.85 | 14.82 | 11.93 | 11.97 | 14.25 | 13.77 | 15.13 | 15.99 | 14.86 | 15.04 | 163.79 |
| FY2024 | 14.96 | 14.79 | 14.57 | 18.23 | 14.60 | 14.65 | 17.43 | 16.85 | 18.51 | 19.56 | 18.18 | 18.41 | 200.74 |
| FY2025 | 18.30 | 18.09 | 17.83 | 22.31 | 17.79 | 17.85 | 21.24 | 20.52 | 22.55 | 23.83 | 22.15 | 22.42 | 244.87 |
| FY2026 | 22.29 | 22.04 | 21.71 | 27.17 | 20.31 | 20.38 | 24.25 | 23.44 | 25.76 | 27.21 | 25.29 | 25.60 | 285.47 |

FY 2021 General Fund Scenarios: Factoring in Pent up Demand

Sales Tax Analysis



FY 2021 Economic Impact Payments



| Economic Impact Payments | |
|---|------------|
| Total Stimulus Payments under ARPA ¹ | \$ 404.9B |
| Percent Distributed ² | 95% |
| Value of Rebates Distributed | \$384.7M |
| US population ³ | 328.2M |
| Distributed Per Capita | 1.2K |
| Cook County Population ³ | 5.2M |
| Rebates Distributed to Cook County | \$6.0B |
| % Spent (not saved or for debt) ² | 19% |
| Total Spent in Cook County | \$1.1B |
| % Spent on Taxable Goods | 50% |
| Total Rebates Spent on Taxable Goods in | |
| Cook County | \$573.4M |
| Sales Tax Rate | 1.75% |
| Taxes collected by State | \$10.0M |
| Less State Administrative Fee (@1.5%) | \$(150.5K) |
| Remitted to Cook County | \$9.9M |

Sources:

¹https://www.cbo.gov/system/files/2021-02/hwaysandmeansreconciliation.pdf

²https://www.pgpf.org/blog/2021/05/how-did-americans-spend-their-stimulus-checks-and-how-did-it-affect-the-economy

3https://www.census.gov/quickfacts/fact/table/cookcountyillinois,US/PST045219

FY 2021 Child Tax Credits Impact



| Economic Impact Payments | |
|---|-----------------|
| Total Stimulus Payments under ARPA ¹ | \$ 18.2B |
| Percent Distributed ² | 95% |
| Value of Rebates Distributed | \$17,260.6M |
| US population ³ | 328.2M |
| Distributed Per Capita | 52.59 |
| Cook County Population ³ | 5.2M |
| Rebates Distributed to Cook County | \$270.8M |
| % Spent (not saved or for debt) ² | 19% |
| Total Spent in Cook County | \$51.5M |
| % Spent on Taxable Goods | 50% |
| Total Rebates Spent on Taxable Goods in | |
| Cook County | \$25.7M |
| Sales Tax Rate | 1.75% |
| Taxes collected by State | \$450.3K |
| Less State Administrative Fee (@1.5%) | \$(6.8K) |
| Remitted to Cook County | <u>\$443.5K</u> |

Sources:

¹https://www.cbo.gov/system/files/2021-02/hwaysandmeansreconciliation.pdf

²https://www.pgpf.org/blog/2021/05/how-did-americans-spend-their-stimulus-checks-and-how-did-it-affect-the-economy

3https://www.census.gov/quickfacts/fact/table/cookcountyillinois,US/PST045219

FY 2022 Child Tax Credits Impact



| Economic Impact Payments | |
|---|---------------|
| Total Stimulus Payments under ARPA ¹ | \$ 66.2B |
| Percent Distributed ² | 95% |
| Value of Rebates Distributed | \$62,875.8M |
| US population ³ | 328.2M |
| Distributed Per Capita | 191.55 |
| Cook County Population ³ | 5.2M |
| Rebates Distributed to Cook County | \$986.6M |
| <u>% Spent</u> (not saved or for debt) ² | 19% |
| Total Spent in Cook County | \$187.4M |
| % Spent on Taxable Goods | 50% |
| Total Rebates Spent on Taxable Goods in | |
| Cook County | \$93.7M |
| Sales Tax Rate | 1.75% |
| Taxes collected by State | \$1.6M |
| Less State Administrative Fee (@1.5%) | \$(24.6K) |
| Remitted to Cook County | <u>\$1.6M</u> |

Sources:

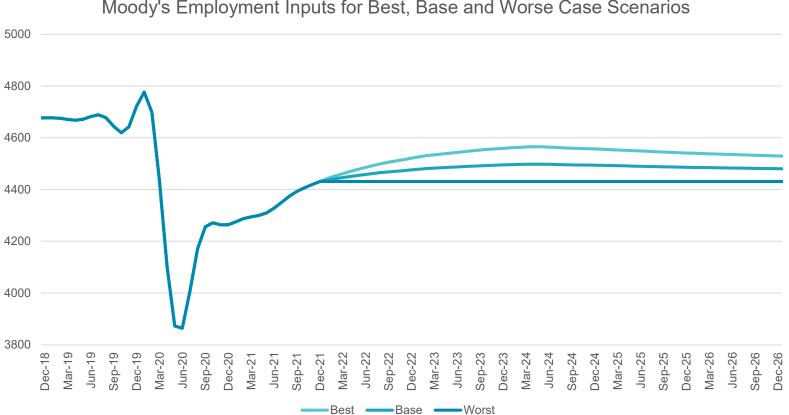
¹https://www.cbo.gov/system/files/2021-02/hwaysandmeansreconciliation.pdf

²https://www.pgpf.org/blog/2021/05/how-did-americans-spend-their-stimulus-checks-and-how-did-it-affect-the-economy

3https://www.census.gov/quickfacts/fact/table/cookcountyillinois,US/PST045219

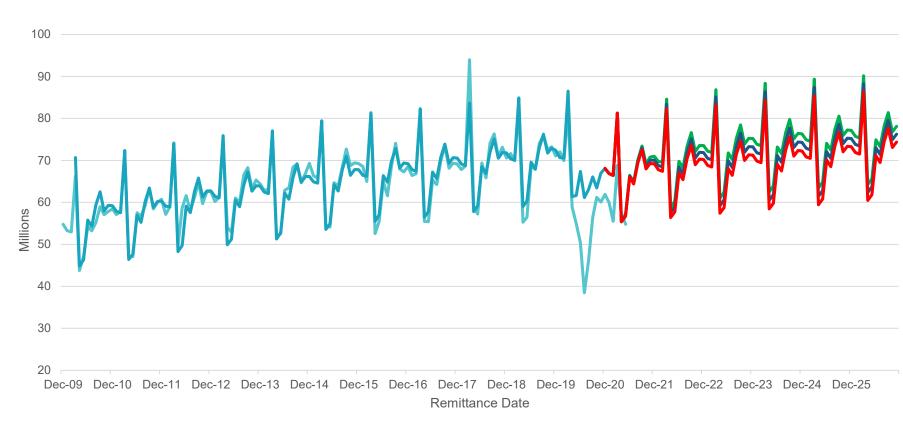
Underlying Economics Assumptions





Moody's Employment Inputs for Best, Base and Worse Case Scenarios

Underlying Economics Assumptions

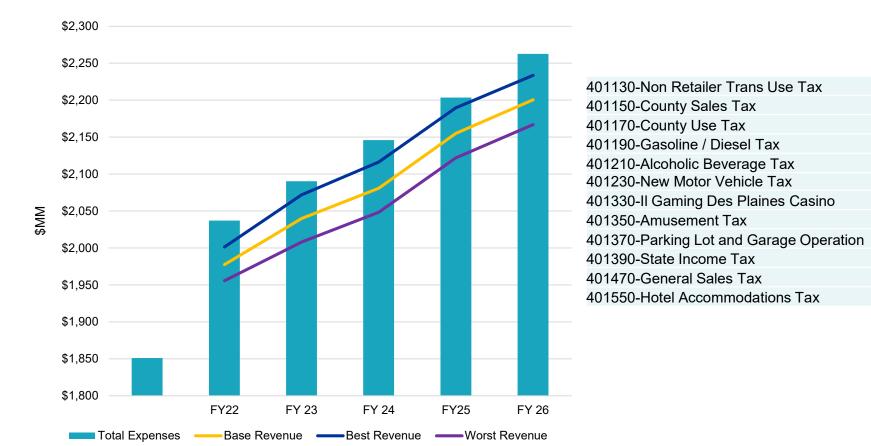


-Actual* -----Fitted -----Best -----Base -----Worst

| | Best Revenue | Base Revenue V | | % Change Base vs Best | % Change Base vs Worst |
|------|--------------|----------------|-------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| FY22 | 847,674,301 | 832,072,545 | 816,470,790 | 1.88% | -1.88% |
| FY23 | 872,721,281 | 850,726,543 | 828,731,805 | 2.59% | -2.59% |
| FY24 | 890,019,135 | 865,505,978 | 840,992,821 | 2.83% | -2.83% |
| FY25 | 901,055,068 | 877,154,452 | 853,253,836 | 2.72% | -2.72% |
| FY26 | 910,911,332 | 888,213,092 | 865,514,851 | 2.56% | -2.56% |

Long Term Revenue Forecasts: GF Scenarios





| | FY22 | FY 23 | FY 24 | FY25 | FY 26 |
|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Base Revenue | 1,977,678,775 | 2,039,954,314 | 2,080,849,811 | 2,154,950,149 | 2,200,643,694 |
| Best Revenue | 2,001,365,206 | 2,071,919,481 | 2,116,391,370 | 2,189,622,316 | 2,233,749,511 |
| Worst Revenue | 1,955,772,118 | 2,007,989,148 | 2,048,322,378 | 2,121,935,108 | 2,167,149,918 |

22

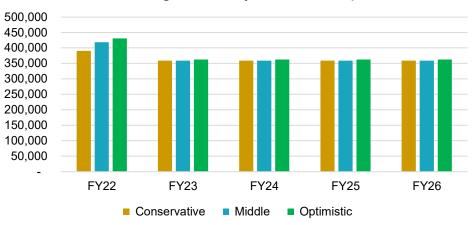
Preliminary Recommendations of the IRFC

Recommendation 1: CountyCare Membership Scenarios



Improve CountyCare membership scenarios to be more distinct, and clearly define all contributing components

- Provide clearer explanations about how redetermination of eligibility practices may affect total membership
- · Clearly define factors driving the State's auto assignment practices
- Document any assumptions about member retention in the out years
- Align retention rates with historical trends



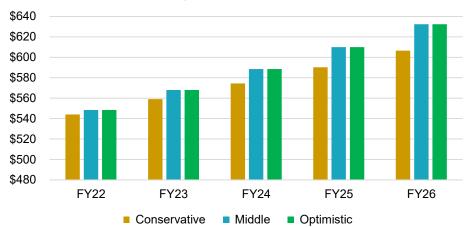
Average Monthly Membership

Recommendations 2: CountyCare PMPM Rate Review



Improve the rate assumptions in the CountyCare PMPM scenario projections by leveraging historical data and highlighting additional assumptions and factors.

- Discuss the composition of different population groups and their average weighted PMPM rate.
- Identify how the composition Population groups has an in impact on the over all PMPM rate
- Provide a historical record of the average PMPM rate by population group
- Leverage historical data for the development of future forecasts and scenarios



Average PMPM Revenue

Recommendation 3: NPSR Projections



Improve the Net Patient Services Revenue Projection by focusing on the underlying impacts used to develop the gross charges and yield assumptions

- Explain how overall volume assumptions are impacted by economic and environmental factors
- Discuss how service mix impacts gross charges and identify assumptions regarding service mix in the base case and alternative scenarios
- Explain how the Payer mix (including Charity Care) impacts yield and document assumptions in the base case and alternative scenarios
- Identify how assumptions regarding the revenue cycle impact yield and document upside and downside risk in the alternative scenarios

Recommendation 4: Improve ARPA Impact Analysis



Re-evaluate the impact of the ARPA funds on Cook County revenues by examining each provision, and scaling to Cook County in ways that are appropriate for each revenue source.

- Review and perform additional research on % Spent On Taxable Goods, %Spent vs saved and other assumptions embedded into the analysis and document them within our forecasts
- Expand the breadth of the ARPA Impact Analysis to include additional provisions including Extended Unemployment Compensation, Earned Income Tax Credit and others

Recommendation 5: COVID-19 Resurgence



Create an additional scenario that assumes a COVID-19 resurgence and properly documents the impact on both general fund and health fund revenue sources



Sales Tax by SIC Code

Percent Change from April 2019

| | Apr-20 | Apr-21 |
|-------------------------------|--------|--------|
| General Merchandise | -32.1% | 4.7% |
| Food | -16.2% | 0.3% |
| Drinking and Eating Places | -53.5% | -17.6% |
| Apparel | -91.9% | 8.7% |
| Furniture & H.H. & Radio | -50.4% | 20.5% |
| Lumber, Bldg, Hardware | -0.4% | 23.6% |
| Automotive & Filling Stations | -46.2% | 1.9% |
| Drugs & Misc. Retail | -36.4% | 95.5% |
| Agriculture & All Others | -39.8% | 25.1% |
| Manufacturers | -41.7% | 4.1% |
| Total | -42.9% | 14.1% |

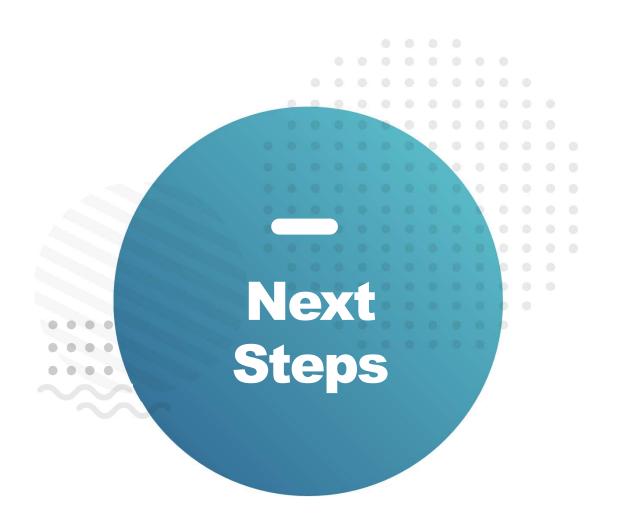
Recommendation 6: Alternative Scenario Methodology on an On-Going basis



Develop a clear process by which possible economic scenarios are developed, explained, and analyzed

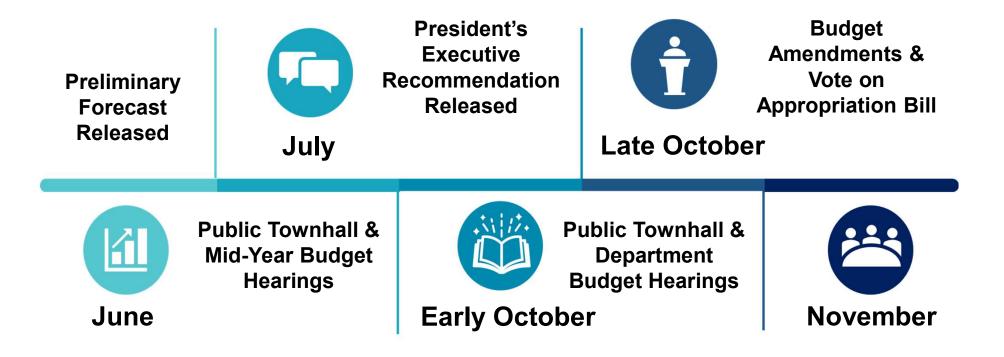
- Establish Clear and Concise set of Assumptions
- Document Methods and Processes





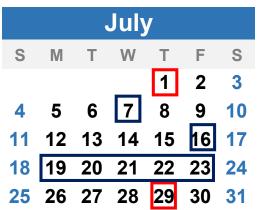
FY2022 Budget Calendar





Upcoming Budget Dates





July 1: IRFC estimates due July 7: Prelim Forecast public hearing July 16: CCH Budget due to DBMS July 19-23: Mid-Year Budget Hearings July 29: IRFC Quarterly Meeting*

| September | | | | | | | |
|-----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|--|
| S | Μ | Т | W | Т | F | S | |
| | | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | |
| 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | |
| | | | | 16 | | | |
| 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | |
| 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | | | |

September 23: CCH submits budget to Board

| August | | | | | | | | |
|--------|----|----|----|----|----|----|--|--|
| S | Μ | Т | W | Т | F | S | | |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | | |
| 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | | |
| 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | | |
| 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | | |
| 29 | 30 | 31 | | | | | | |

August 27: CCHS Budget vote August 31: Issuance of Recommendations TBD: Additional IRFC meeting, as needed



October 7: Release of President's recommendation

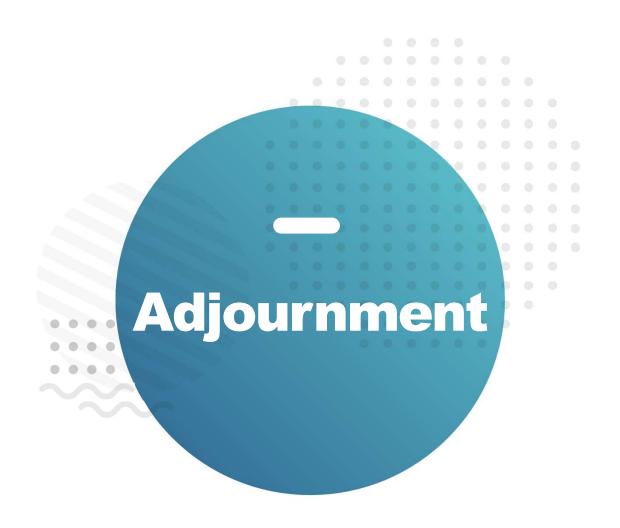
October 18-22: Department Briefings October 28: IRFC Quarterly Meeting

27











COOK COUNTY QUARTERLY REPORT TO THE IRFC

6,500

6,250

6,000

JULY 29, 2021

TONI PRECKWINKLE PRESIDENT, COOK COUNTY BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS













Agenda





| Section | Slide # |
|--|---------|
| Opening Remarks | 3 |
| Approval of the Minutes | 4 |
| Quarterly Updates | 6 |
| List of recommendations by commissioners and comments/actions | 9 |
| Next Steps | 19 |
| Public Comment | 22 |
| Adjournment | 23 |

Quarterly Updates

Principals of the IRFC - Advanced Since 5/26/2021



| Principal | Action Taken |
|---|--|
| Document Economic and Operational Drivers | Continuing to track economic and public health indicators to inform base line and alternative scenario forecasts. |
| Pursue Consistency in Modeling | Updated online data set to include unaudited tax revenue* |
| Systematically Track Monthly Operational and Revenue Data | Revenues on monthly basis continue to be updated. The online Revenue Dataset has also been updated. |
| Catalogue Historical Rates and Policies | No significant actions taken but will be focusing more on the off season of Budget. Specifically, we will add Cannabis Tax and Sports Wagering Tax to the Tax history document on the IRFC website. |
| Review Alternative Scenarios | Will consider a Delta variant scenario as part of IRFC recommendations and pursuing consistency in CCH and General Fund alternative scenario forecasting. |
| Benchmark Forecasts Against Other Jurisdictions | Incorporated into Cannabis and Online sales tax revenue forecasts |
| Strive for Greater Collaboration | The OCFO continues its commitment to this principal and will focus on the development of a revenue forecasting model developed in coordination with CCH. |

Preliminary Forecast, late June 2021, Tax Revenues

| Revenue by Type | 2021 Approved & Adopted | 2021 Year End Projection | 2022 Forecast | |
|--|-------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|--|
| 400001-Property Taxes | | | | |
| 400010-Property Taxes | \$223,415,718 | \$223,415,718 | \$182,448,324 | |
| 400040-Tax Increment Financing Taxes | 23,525,945 | 23,525,945 | 23,525,945 | |
| Total 400001-Property Taxes | \$246,941,663 | \$246,941,663 | \$205,974,269 | |
| 401100-Non-Property Taxes | | | | |
| 401130-Non Retailer Trans Use Tax | 15,250,000 | 15,718,248 | 15,750,000 | |
| 401150-County Sales Tax | 830,214,301 | 829,340,000 | 965,000,000 | |
| 401170-County Use Tax | 70,100,000 | 83,585,867 | 79,000,000 | |
| 401190-Gasoline / Diesel Tax | 87,000,000 | 84,277,251 | 91,750,000 | |
| 401210-Alcoholic Beverage Tax | 36,300,000 | 37,940,580 | 37,300,000 | |
| 401230-New Motor Vehicle Tax | 2,300,000 | 2,873,202 | 2,750,000 | |
| 401250-Wheel Tax | 4,800,000 | 4,947,953 | 4,800,000 | |
| 401310-Off Track Betting Comm. | 1,000,000 | 1,021,437 | 960,000 | |
| 401330-II Gaming Des Plaines Casino | 7,300,000 | 6,978,319 | 11,000,000 | |
| 401350-Amusement Tax | 24,265,000 | 18,469,805 | 36,250,000 | |
| 401370-Parking Lot and Garage Operation | 43,000,000 | 33,339,395 | 41,000,000 | |
| 401390-State Income Tax | 12,623,600 | 16,220,000 | 17,000,000 | |
| 401430-Cigarette Tax | 96,500,000 | 95,101,804 | 91,400,000 | |
| 401450-Other Tobacco Products | 6,600,000 | 7,055,234 | 6,300,000 | |
| 401470-General Sales Tax | 3,146,807 | 3,146,000 | 3,249,000 | |
| 401490-Firearms Tax | 1,200,000 | 1,561,343 | 1,650,000 | |
| 401530-Gambling Machine Tax | 3,500,000 | 3,585,600 | 3,500,000 | |
| 401550-Hotel Accommodations Tax | 19,500,000 | 15,506,868 | 25,500,000 | |
| 401570-Video Gaming | 550,000 | 498,432 | 600,000 | |
| 401580-Cannabis Tax | 13,905,067 | 11,120,000 | 16,930,000 | |
| 401590-Sports Wagering Tax | 3,575,000 | 4,660,000 | 4,950,000 | |
| Total 401100-Non-Property Taxes | \$1,282,629,775 | \$1,276,947,339 | \$1,456,639,000 | |

Preliminary Forecast, late June 2021, Fees & Licenses Revenues

| Revenue by Type | 2021 Approved & Adopted | 2021 Year End Projection | 2022 Forecast | |
|--|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--|
| 402000-Fees and Licenses | | | | |
| 402548-Clerk of the Circuit Court Fees | 64,000,000 | 64,000,000 | 71,425,000 | |
| 402010-Fees and Licenses | 400,000 | 396,000 | 350,000 | |
| 402100-County Treasurer | 35,000,000 | 35,000,000 | 35,000,000 | |
| 402150-County Clerk | 47,918,500 | 7,449,750 | 10,442,718 | |
| 402200-County Recorder and Registrar | - | 65,489,704 | 57,499,716 | |
| 402300-Building and Zoning | 3,620,100 | 3,740,450 | 3,717,100 | |
| 402350-Environmental Control | 4,795,000 | 4,680,205 | 4,698,000 | |
| 402400-Highway Dept Permit Fees | 850,000 | 1,588,494 | 1,545,000 | |
| 402450-Liquor Licenses | 425,000 | 350,194 | 425,000 | |
| 402500-County Assessor | 49,000 | 3,052 | 1,000 | |
| 402950-Sheriff General Fees | 15,809,882 | 9,280,413 | 10,886,839 | |
| 403060-State's Attorney | - | 224,163 | - | |
| 403100-Supportive Services | - | 3,835 | - | |
| 403120-Public Administrator | 1,395,600 | 1,395,600 | 1,400,000 | |
| 403150-Public Guardian | 2,000,000 | 2,053,642 | 2,500,000 | |
| 403210-Medical Examiner | 3,925,000 | 3,892,527 | 3,748,346 | |
| 403280-Contract Compliance M/WBE Cert | 40,000 | 46,498 | 42,000 | |
| Total 402000-Fees and Licenses | \$180,228,082 | \$199,594,525 | \$203,680,719 | |

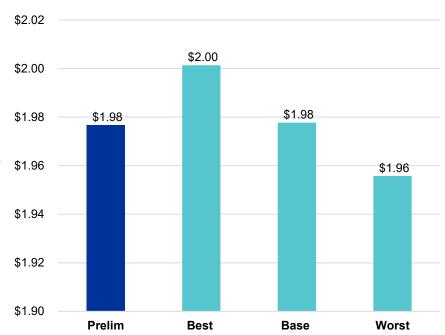
Preliminary Forecast, late June 2021, CCHHS Revenues

| Revenue by Type | 2021 Approved & Adopted | 2021 Year End Projection | 2022 Forecast |
|---|-------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|
| 409000-Health and Hospitals | | | |
| | | | |
| 409549-Medicare | 222,857,679 | 182,256,764 | 230,430,391 |
| 409559-Medicaid Public Assistance | 2,576,330,479 | 2,959,765,326 | 2,933,069,371 |
| 409569-Private Payors and Carriers | 68,338,765 | 73,073,855 | 75,749,532 |
| 409574-CCHHS - Medicaid BIPA IGT | 131,300,000 | 131,300,000 | 131,300,000 |
| 409579-Medicaid Revised Plan Revenue DSH | 177,190,608 | 177,190,608 | 177,190,608 |
| 409010-Net Patient Service Revenue | 73,660,707 | 73,660,707 | 73,660,707 |
| Total 409000-Health and Hospitals | \$3,249,678,238 | \$3,597,247,260 | \$3,621,400,609 |
| Total CCHHS Fee Revenue | \$3,264,678,238 | \$3,619,520,327 | \$3,636,407,067 |
| CCHHS Property Tax Subsidy | \$122,704,917 | \$122,704,920 | \$132,704,917 |
| Total Health Enterprise Fund | \$3,387,383,155 | \$3,742,225,247 | \$3,769,111,984 |

GF FY2021/2022 Prelim vs. Base Case







FY2022

Sales Tax Update

Sales Tax Assumptions





Online Sales Tax Assumptions

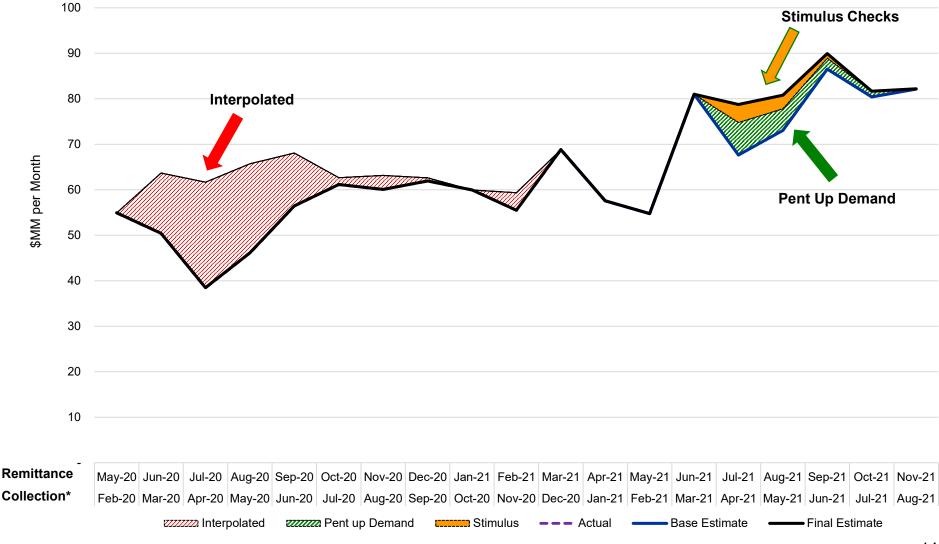


| Online Sales Tax | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Base Assumptions | CY 2021 | CY 2022 | CY 2023 | CY 2024 | CY 2025 | CY 2026 |
| Total Retail Sales | 6,457,026 | 6,705,238 | 6,962,992 | 7,230,653 | 7,508,604 | 7,797,240 |
| Growth of total sales | 3.84% | 3.84% | 3.84% | 3.84% | 3.84% | 3.84% |
| Percent online | 11.21% | 12.33% | 13.56% | 14.92% | 16.40% | 18.04% |
| growth of online share | 9.97% | 9.97% | 9.97% | 9.97% | 9.97% | 9.97% |
| Total E-Commerce Sales | 724,077 | 826,910 | 944,346 | 1,078,461 | 1,231,622 | 1,406,535 |
| County share of US | | | | | | |
| population | 1.80% | 1.80% | 1.80% | 1.80% | 1.80% | 1.80% |
| Share Subject to Tax | 85.56% | 85.56% | 85.56% | 85.56% | 85.56% | 85.56% |
| Potential sales | 11,151 | 12,735 | 14,543 | 16,609 | 18,967 | 21,661 |
| Compliance | 60% | 65% | 70% | 75% | 80% | 80% |
| Sales tax Rate | 1.75% | 1.75% | 1.75% | 1.75% | 1.75% | 1.75% |
| Revenue before admin fee | 117.09 | 144.86 | 178.16 | 217.99 | 265.54 | 303.26 |
| Admin fee | (1.76) | (2.17) | (2.67) | (3.27) | (3.98) | (4.55) |
| TOTAL | 115.33 | 142.68 | 175.48 | 214.72 | 261.56 | 298.71 |

| | Dec | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | Мау | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | |
|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|
| FY2021 | ŀ | - | - | - | 7.84 | 7.87 | 9.36 | 9.05 | 9.94 | 10.51 | 9.76 | 9.89 | 74.23 |
| FY2022 | 9.83 | 9.72 | 9.57 | 11.98 | 9.70 | 9.74 | 11.59 | 11.20 | 12.30 | 13.00 | 12.08 | 12.23 | 132.94 |
| FY2023 | 12.16 | 12.02 | 11.85 | 14.82 | 11.93 | 11.97 | 14.25 | 13.77 | 15.13 | 15.99 | 14.86 | 15.04 | 163.79 |
| FY2024 | 14.96 | 14.79 | 14.57 | 18.23 | 14.60 | 14.65 | 17.43 | 16.85 | 18.51 | 19.56 | 18.18 | 18.41 | 200.74 |
| FY2025 | 18.30 | 18.09 | 17.83 | 22.31 | 17.79 | 17.85 | 21.24 | 20.52 | 22.55 | 23.83 | 22.15 | 22.42 | 244.87 |
| FY2026 | 22.29 | 22.04 | 21.71 | 27.17 | 20.31 | 20.38 | 24.25 | 23.44 | 25.76 | 27.21 | 25.29 | 25.60 | 285.47 |

FY 2021 General Fund Scenarios: Factoring in Pent up Demand

Sales Tax Analysis



FY 2021 Economic Impact Payments



| Economic Impact Payments | |
|---|------------|
| Total Stimulus Payments under ARPA ¹ | \$ 404.9B |
| Percent Distributed ² | 95% |
| Value of Rebates Distributed | \$384.7M |
| US population ³ | 328.2M |
| Distributed Per Capita | 1.2K |
| Cook County Population ³ | 5.2M |
| Rebates Distributed to Cook County | \$6.0B |
| % Spent (not saved or for debt) ² | 19% |
| Total Spent in Cook County | \$1.1B |
| % Spent on Taxable Goods | 50% |
| Total Rebates Spent on Taxable Goods in | |
| Cook County | \$573.4M |
| Sales Tax Rate | 1.75% |
| Taxes collected by State | \$10.0M |
| Less State Administrative Fee (@1.5%) | \$(150.5K) |
| Remitted to Cook County | \$9.9M |

Sources:

¹https://www.cbo.gov/system/files/2021-02/hwaysandmeansreconciliation.pdf

²https://www.pgpf.org/blog/2021/05/how-did-americans-spend-their-stimulus-checks-and-how-did-it-affect-the-economy

3https://www.census.gov/quickfacts/fact/table/cookcountyillinois,US/PST045219

FY 2021 Child Tax Credits Impact



| Economic Impact Payments | |
|---|-----------------|
| Total Stimulus Payments under ARPA ¹ | \$ 18.2B |
| Percent Distributed ² | 95% |
| Value of Rebates Distributed | \$17,260.6M |
| US population ³ | 328.2M |
| Distributed Per Capita | 52.59 |
| Cook County Population ³ | 5.2M |
| Rebates Distributed to Cook County | \$270.8M |
| % Spent (not saved or for debt) ² | 19% |
| Total Spent in Cook County | \$51.5M |
| % Spent on Taxable Goods | 50% |
| Total Rebates Spent on Taxable Goods in | |
| Cook County | \$25.7M |
| Sales Tax Rate | 1.75% |
| Taxes collected by State | \$450.3K |
| Less State Administrative Fee (@1.5%) | \$(6.8K) |
| Remitted to Cook County | <u>\$443.5K</u> |

Sources:

¹https://www.cbo.gov/system/files/2021-02/hwaysandmeansreconciliation.pdf

²https://www.pgpf.org/blog/2021/05/how-did-americans-spend-their-stimulus-checks-and-how-did-it-affect-the-economy

3https://www.census.gov/quickfacts/fact/table/cookcountyillinois,US/PST045219

FY 2022 Child Tax Credits Impact



| Economic Impact Payments | |
|---|---------------|
| Total Stimulus Payments under ARPA ¹ | \$ 66.2B |
| Percent Distributed ² | 95% |
| Value of Rebates Distributed | \$62,875.8M |
| US population ³ | 328.2M |
| Distributed Per Capita | 191.55 |
| Cook County Population ³ | 5.2M |
| Rebates Distributed to Cook County | \$986.6M |
| <u>% Spent</u> (not saved or for debt) ² | 19% |
| Total Spent in Cook County | \$187.4M |
| % Spent on Taxable Goods | 50% |
| Total Rebates Spent on Taxable Goods in | |
| Cook County | \$93.7M |
| Sales Tax Rate | 1.75% |
| Taxes collected by State | \$1.6M |
| Less State Administrative Fee (@1.5%) | \$(24.6K) |
| Remitted to Cook County | <u>\$1.6M</u> |

Sources:

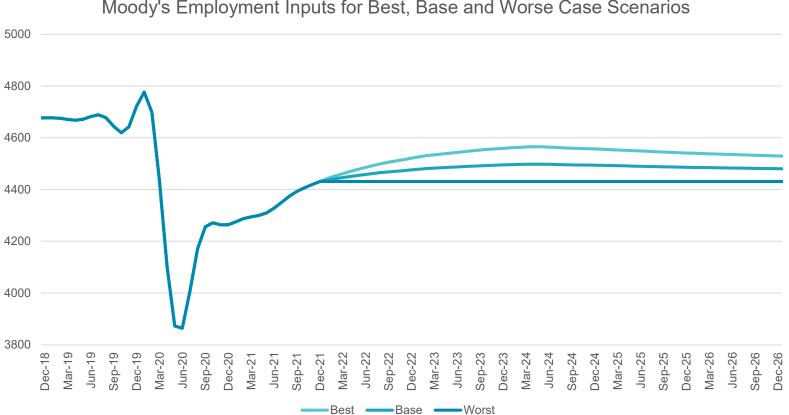
¹https://www.cbo.gov/system/files/2021-02/hwaysandmeansreconciliation.pdf

²https://www.pgpf.org/blog/2021/05/how-did-americans-spend-their-stimulus-checks-and-how-did-it-affect-the-economy

3https://www.census.gov/quickfacts/fact/table/cookcountyillinois,US/PST045219

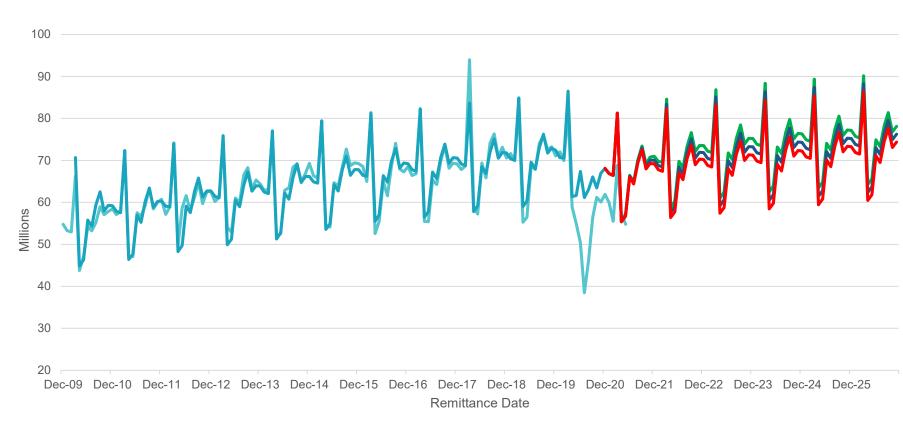
Underlying Economics Assumptions





Moody's Employment Inputs for Best, Base and Worse Case Scenarios

Underlying Economics Assumptions

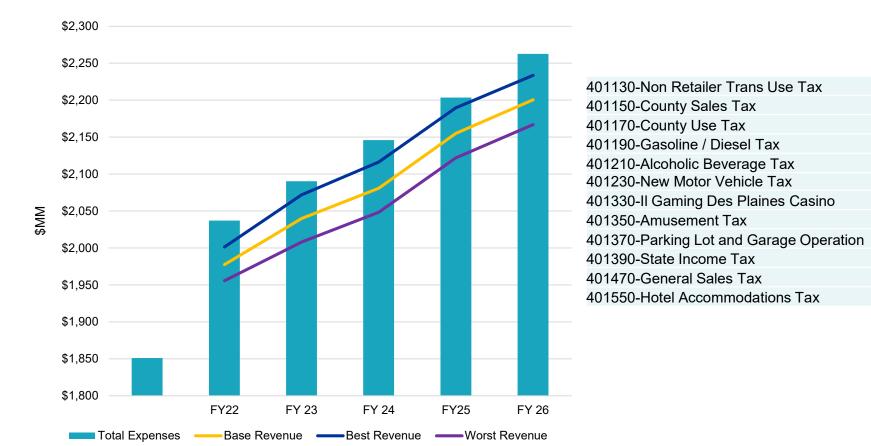


-Actual* -----Fitted -----Best -----Base -----Worst

| | Best Revenue | Base Revenue V | | % Change Base vs Best | % Change Base vs Worst |
|------|--------------|----------------|-------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| FY22 | 847,674,301 | 832,072,545 | 816,470,790 | 1.88% | -1.88% |
| FY23 | 872,721,281 | 850,726,543 | 828,731,805 | 2.59% | -2.59% |
| FY24 | 890,019,135 | 865,505,978 | 840,992,821 | 2.83% | -2.83% |
| FY25 | 901,055,068 | 877,154,452 | 853,253,836 | 2.72% | -2.72% |
| FY26 | 910,911,332 | 888,213,092 | 865,514,851 | 2.56% | -2.56% |

Long Term Revenue Forecasts: GF Scenarios





| | FY22 | FY 23 | FY 24 | FY25 | FY 26 |
|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Base Revenue | 1,977,678,775 | 2,039,954,314 | 2,080,849,811 | 2,154,950,149 | 2,200,643,694 |
| Best Revenue | 2,001,365,206 | 2,071,919,481 | 2,116,391,370 | 2,189,622,316 | 2,233,749,511 |
| Worst Revenue | 1,955,772,118 | 2,007,989,148 | 2,048,322,378 | 2,121,935,108 | 2,167,149,918 |

22

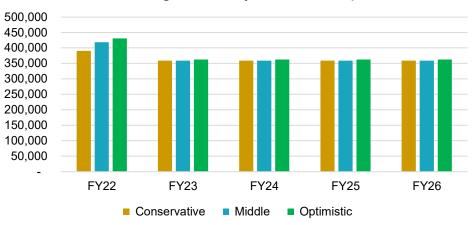
Preliminary Recommendations of the IRFC

Recommendation 1: CountyCare Membership Scenarios



Improve CountyCare membership scenarios to be more distinct, and clearly define all contributing components

- Provide clearer explanations about how redetermination of eligibility practices may affect total membership
- · Clearly define factors driving the State's auto assignment practices
- Document any assumptions about member retention in the out years
- Align retention rates with historical trends



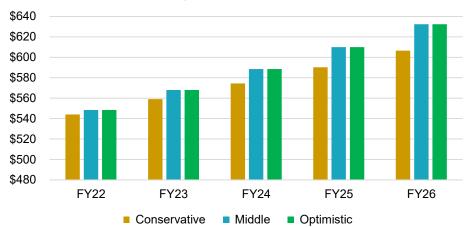
Average Monthly Membership

Recommendations 2: CountyCare PMPM Rate Review



Improve the rate assumptions in the CountyCare PMPM scenario projections by leveraging historical data and highlighting additional assumptions and factors.

- Discuss the composition of different population groups and their average weighted PMPM rate.
- Identify how the composition Population groups has an in impact on the over all PMPM rate
- Provide a historical record of the average PMPM rate by population group
- Leverage historical data for the development of future forecasts and scenarios



Average PMPM Revenue

Recommendation 3: NPSR Projections



Improve the Net Patient Services Revenue Projection by focusing on the underlying impacts used to develop the gross charges and yield assumptions

- Explain how overall volume assumptions are impacted by economic and environmental factors
- Discuss how service mix impacts gross charges and identify assumptions regarding service mix in the base case and alternative scenarios
- Explain how the Payer mix (including Charity Care) impacts yield and document assumptions in the base case and alternative scenarios
- Identify how assumptions regarding the revenue cycle impact yield and document upside and downside risk in the alternative scenarios

Recommendation 4: Improve ARPA Impact Analysis



Re-evaluate the impact of the ARPA funds on Cook County revenues by examining each provision, and scaling to Cook County in ways that are appropriate for each revenue source.

- Review and perform additional research on % Spent On Taxable Goods, %Spent vs saved and other assumptions embedded into the analysis and document them within our forecasts
- Expand the breadth of the ARPA Impact Analysis to include additional provisions including Extended Unemployment Compensation, Earned Income Tax Credit and others

Recommendation 5: COVID-19 Resurgence



Create an additional scenario that assumes a COVID-19 resurgence and properly documents the impact on both general fund and health fund revenue sources



Sales Tax by SIC Code

Percent Change from April 2019

| | Apr-20 | Apr-21 |
|-------------------------------|--------|--------|
| General Merchandise | -32.1% | 4.7% |
| Food | -16.2% | 0.3% |
| Drinking and Eating Places | -53.5% | -17.6% |
| Apparel | -91.9% | 8.7% |
| Furniture & H.H. & Radio | -50.4% | 20.5% |
| Lumber, Bldg, Hardware | -0.4% | 23.6% |
| Automotive & Filling Stations | -46.2% | 1.9% |
| Drugs & Misc. Retail | -36.4% | 95.5% |
| Agriculture & All Others | -39.8% | 25.1% |
| Manufacturers | -41.7% | 4.1% |
| Total | -42.9% | 14.1% |

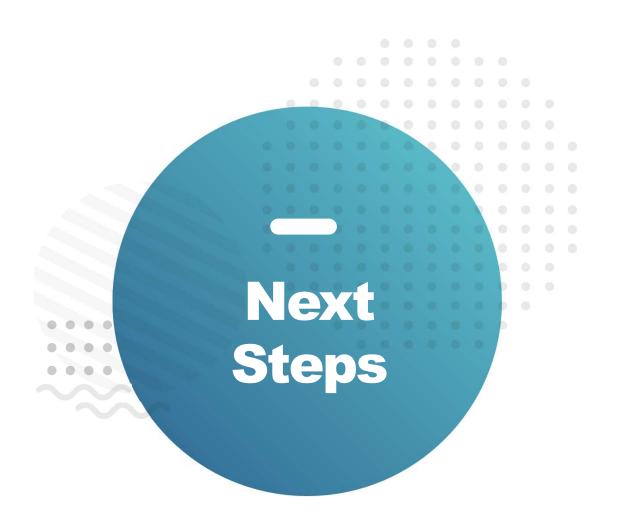
Recommendation 6: Alternative Scenario Methodology on an On-Going basis



Develop a clear process by which possible economic scenarios are developed, explained, and analyzed

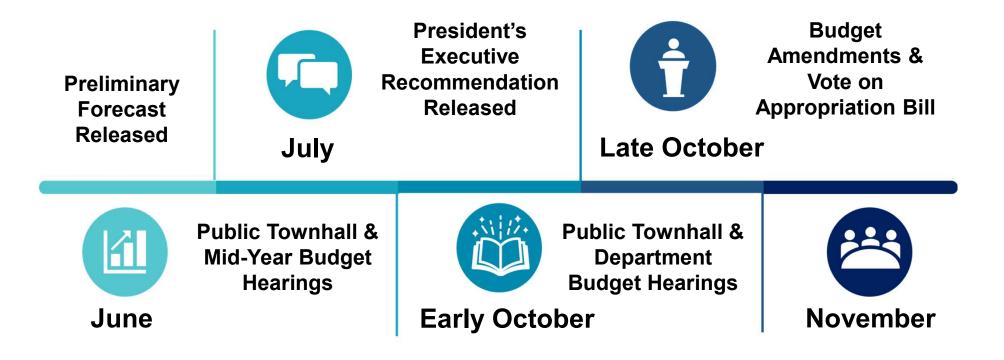
- Establish Clear and Concise set of Assumptions
- Document Methods and Processes





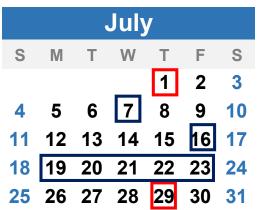
FY2022 Budget Calendar





Upcoming Budget Dates





July 1: IRFC estimates due July 7: Prelim Forecast public hearing July 16: CCH Budget due to DBMS July 19-23: Mid-Year Budget Hearings July 29: IRFC Quarterly Meeting*

| September | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|--|--|
| S | Μ | Т | W | Т | F | S | | |
| | | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | |
| 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | | |
| 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | | |
| 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | | |
| 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | | | | |

September 23: CCH submits budget to Board

| August | | | | | | | | |
|--------|----|----|----|----|----|----|--|--|
| S | Μ | Т | W | Т | F | S | | |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | | |
| 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | | |
| 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | | |
| 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | | |
| 29 | 30 | 31 | | | | | | |

August 27: CCHS Budget vote August 31: Issuance of Recommendations TBD: Additional IRFC meeting, as needed



October 7: Release of President's recommendation

October 18-22: Department Briefings October 28: IRFC Quarterly Meeting

27







